**АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК**

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| **Аудирование**  ***Инструкция:*** *«Внимательно послушайте текст и выполните задания по тексту»*.  1. You're watching TV. It's a hot evening: You feel thirsty. You see an advert for … .  A) a refreshing drink  B) exotic food  C) a swimming pool  D) chocolate  E) resort |
| 2. Too many repetitions are … , as they can provoke annoyance and irritation.  A) useful  B) damaging  C) obligatory  D) necessary  E) dangerous |
| 3. If an advert works well, the same … can be used to advertise different things.  A) way  B) song  C) ruler  D) people  E) technique |
| 4. The main idea of any advertisement is to persuade us to … .  A) to consume products  B) to switch off the box  C) to turn over the channel  D) to ignore products  E) to choose other things |
| 5. The companies try to do … presentations to draw our attention to the good.  A) bad  B) repeating  C) awful  D) seldom  E) rare |
| ***Инструкция:*** *«Внимательно послушайте текст и выполните задания по тексту»*.  6. A year after the diagnosis she ...  A) started working  B) left the field of music  C) became invalid and stayed at home  D) she got married  E) went to university to do teacher training |
| 7. Louise was given … to cure her joints.  A) another instrument  B) medicine  C) some exercises  D) fruit  E) practical advice |
| 8. Within …, she was in so much pain that it was like walking on glass.  A) six months  B) a year  C) a week  D) a month  E) two years |
| 9. She was planning to …  A) marry  B) be a singer  C) stop playing the violin  D) leave the music  E) become a professional |
| 10. To listen to other students practicing their instruments … .  A) caused no emotions  B) made her happy  C) didn’t disturb her  D) was sad to the girl  E) caused the great joy |
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| **Лексико-грамматический блок**  ***Инструкция:*** *«Вам предлагаются задания с одним правильным ответом из пяти предложенных»*.  1. Буквосочетание th читается как [ө] в слове:  A) Thursday  B) There  C) Thus  D) This  E) Then |
| 2. Окончание глагола читается как [id]  A) wasted  B) arrived  C) answered  D) washed  E) spelled |
| 3. Вставьте правильную форму глагола.  Take your umbrella, it … .  A) raining  B) rain  C) rained  D) were raining  E) is raining |
| 4. Предлог употребляется правильно в предложении:  A) Look in the sky. It is dark.  B) They arrived later in night.  C) He was born in the first of October.  D) Our classes begin in five o’clock.  E) They will come back in ten minutes. |
| 5. Правильно употребите время в косвенной речи:  He said: ‘She had done all exercises yesterday’.  A) He said she had done all exercises yesterday.  B) He said that she had done all exercises the day before.  C) He said she has done all exercises the day before.  D) He said that she had done all exercises the following day.  E) He said that she did all exercises the previous day. |
| 6. Выберите повелительное предложение:  A) Sam was happy, wasn’t he?  B) Sam was happy, we will came.  C) If it isn’t raining, we will came.  D) Help me, please.  E) We don’t want to stay there longer. |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант:  Пенсионный возраст для женщин в Британии 60.  A) The retirement age is sixty for women in Britain.  B) The retirement age is sixtyth for women in Britain.  C) The retirement age is a sixty for women in Britain.  D) The retirement age is sixtieth for women in Britain.  E) The retirement age is the sixty for women Britain. |
| 8. Вставьте подходящую реплику в диалоге:  *- Where is the nearest shop here?*  *- …*  A) Help yourself, please.  B) This way please.  C) Give me!  D) Here you are!  E) No, I don’t. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант:  She … at my age.  A) been  B) were  C) is  D) am  E) are |
| 10. Найдите предложение в *Past Continuous .*  A) Have you ever been to Turkey?  B) I went there last summer.  C) Do you have a computer?  D) What are you doing?  E) What were you doing at 5 o’clock yesterday? |
| 11. Найдите повелительное наклонение:  A) John! Catch the taxi!  B) We can’t afford to go by taxi.  C) Will you go to catch the taxi?  D) We’ve caught the taxi.  E) She wanted to catch the taxi. |
| 12. Выберите правильный перевод:  I wish I hadn’t gone to the party.  A) Жаль, что я на этом вечере.  B) Жаль, что я не этом вечере сейчас.  C) Жаль, что я не смогла быть на этом вечере.  D) Жаль, что я ходила на этот вечер.  E) Жаль, что я не ходила на этот вечер. |
| 13. Выберите правильный вариант:  Easter falls on a …  A) spring Saturday  B) summer Monday  C) winter Sunday  D) autumn Friday  E) spring Sunday |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант:  He worked in…London theatre called…Globe.  A) the, a  B) a, a  C) the, the  D) a, the  E) -, the |
| 15. Выберите предложение в пассивном залоге:  A) We have already done all the task.  B) He doing his homework when mother came home.  C) She has been to London.  D) We were told to stop when the light was red.  E) Our city is very beautiful. |
| 16. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  Who is the Queen of the UK?  A) Anne  B) Elizabeth II  C) Elizabeth I  D) Victoria  E) Diana |
| 17. Найдите правильный вариант:  “Do you like …..apples?  A) this  B) these  C) that  D) thos  E) no |
| 18. Правильное использование разделительного вопроса:  A) He made you learn English, didn’t you?  B) Let’s play games, shall we?  C) It was big enough to sit there, was it?  D) She was let do it, didn’t she?  E) You often play tennis, do you? |
| 19. Выберите верный вариант  Sam gave me the key to \_\_\_ house so that \_\_\_could let myself in.  A) he/I  B) his/mine  C) his/me  D) him/me  E) his/I |
| 20. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание:  An old lady was sitting next to an American soldier in the station waiting-room. The soldier was chewing a piece of gum. The old lady smiled at him and said: «It is very kind of you to talk to me, young man, but I don’t hear anything»  Закончите предложение:  An old lady… .  A) was speaking to a girl  B) got angry  C) didn’t see anything  D) was sitting near a soldier  E) was sitting at home |
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**Чтение**

***Инструкция:*** *«Внимательно прочитайте текст и выполните задания по тексту»*.

Read the text and do the task according to the text:

**Conan Doyle (1859—1930)**

With the words "Elementary, my dear Watson ...", the most famous detective of all time, Sherlock Holmes, starts to explain a crime to his friend, Dr. Watson. That phrase has now entered the English language.

Sherlock Holmes first appeared in a book called 'Study in Scarlet'. He became famous in 'The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes', first published in the 'Strand Magazine'. After that came a whole series of books about him: 'The Memoirs of Sherlock Holmes, 'The Return of Sherlock Holmes', 'The Hound of the Baskervilles', and many others. Many thousands of the Sherlock Holmes books are still sold every year.

Who invented Sherlock Holmes? Arthur Conan Doyle was his inventor. Arthur Conan Doyle was born in Scotland, of Irish parents. He was a doctor. In 1882 he moved from Scotland to England, to Southsea near Portsmouth, to set up a practice. One of the doctors he worked for, Dr. Joseph Bell, was the model for Sherlock Holmes's friend, Dr. Watson. Conan Doyle's medical knowledge was a great help to him in his detective stories.

Conan Doyle started the fashion of the detective story. Today the fashion goes on — with Simenon's Inspector Maigret stories and the stories of other writers.  
And what sort of man is Sherlock Holmes? We learn a lot about him from the stories in which he appears. He has a thin face and intelligent eyes. He speaks when he has something to say. He smokes a pipe (he has a collection of them). He plays the violin. He lives at 221 'B' Baker Street in London.

If you go to London, you will not be able to find 221 'B' Baker Street. But instead, you can go to a pub called "The Sherlock Holmes" in Northumberland Street (near Trafalgar Square). In that pub there is a room like Sherlock Holmes's room at 221 'B' Baker Street, as described in Conan Doyle's stories. There is also the stuffed head of a hound. It is said to be the original 'hound of the Baskervilies'!

Sherlock Holmes after more than eighty years is still the most famous detective in the world.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the novelist, first created his famous character, Sherlock Holmes, in 1885. Six years later, when he wrote another group of stories about the detective, Sherlock Holmes was a name that everybody knew.

When Conan Doyle began to get tired of writing detective stories, he decided to 'kill' Holmes. He wrote a story in which Holmes meets his great enemy, Professor Moriarty, in Switzerland. Holmes and Moriarty fight, and fall over a cliff and are both killed. The public didn't like it. Conan Doyle had to write another story in which Holmes comes back.

Conan Doyle was a famous writer. He became popular because of his love for people.

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| 1. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  “The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes” …  A) first bought in the “Strand Magazine”  B) first printed in Australia  C) first published in the “Strand Magazine”  D) first sold in the “Strand Magazine”  E) first published in the “Guardian” |
| 2. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  The model for Dr. Watson was ….  A) one of the doctors Conan Doyle worked for  B) Conan Doyle’s father  C) real Dr. Watson  D) Conan Doyle’s brother  E) Conan Doyle’s friend |
| 3. Answer the question:  What helped Conan Doyle to write detective stories?  A) Doctor Watson’s help  B) sense of humor  C) Mass Media  D) Medical knowledge  E) skills of reading |
| 4. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  After more than eighty years … .  A) many people didn’t like Sherlock Holmes  B) Sherlock Holmes is still the most famous detective in the world  C) Sherlock Holmes isn’t known in the world  D) Conan Doyle is still lives in Great Britain  E) Conan Doyle is still the most famous detective in the world |
| 5. Answer the question:  What did Conan Doyle start?  A) to play the violin  B) the fashion of going abroad  C) the fashion of reading magazines  D) the fashion of the detective story  E) to smoke a pipe |
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***Инструкция:*** *«Внимательно прочитайте текст и выполните задания по тексту»*.

Read the text and do the task according to the text:

**Charles Darwin (1809—1882)**

A hundred years ago people believed that plants and animals had always been as they are now. They thought that all the different sorts of living things, including men and women, were put in this world by some mysterious power a few thousand years ago.

It was Charles Darwin, born at Shrewsbury on the 12th of February, 1809, who showed that this was just a legend. As a boy Darwin loved to walk in the countryside, collecting insects, flowers and minerals. He liked to watch his elder brother making chemical experiments. These hobbies interested him much more than Greek and Latin, which were his main subjects at school.

His father, a doctor, sent Charles to Edinburgh University to study medicine. But Charles did not like this. He spent a lot of time with a zoologist friend, watching birds and other animals, and collecting insects in the countryside.  
Then his father sent him to Cambridge to be trained as a parson. But Darwin didn't want to be a doctor or a parson. He wanted to be a biologist.

In 1831 he set sail in the Beagle for South America to make maps of the coastline there. Darwin went in the ship to see the animals and plants of other lands. On his voyage round the world he looked carefully at thousands of living things in the sea and on land and came to very important conclusions.

This is what he came to believe. Once there were only simple jelly-like creatures living in the sea. Very slowly, taking hundreds millions of years, these have developed to produce all the different kinds of animals and plants we know today. But Darwin waited over twenty years before he let the world know his great ideas. During that time he was carefully collecting more information. It showed how right he was that all living things had developed from simpler creatures.

He wrote a famous book 'The Origin of Species'.

People who knew nothing about living things tried to make fun of Darwin's ideas.  
The development of science has shown that Darwin's idea of evolution was correct.

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| 6. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  Charles Darwin created the idea of …  A) revolution  B) integration  C) transformation  D) evolution  E) migration |
| 7. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  … sent him to … to study medicine.  A) Darwin’s father/Edinburgh  B) Darwin’s mother/ Edinburgh  C) Darwin’s father/Cambridge  D) Darwin’s brother/Cambridge  E) government/New York |
| 8. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  Darwin looked carefully at thousands of living things in the sea ….  A) in Africa  B) in the British Museum  C) on his voyage round the world  D) on board of the ship “Mayflower”  E) on his trip to Wales |
| 9. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  Charles Darwin’s hobbies were …  A) collecting books, stamps, manuscripts  B) painting insects, flowers, minerals  C) cooking different dishes  D) collecting insects, flowers, minerals  E) playing computer games |
| 10. Complete the sentence with the correct answer:  Darwin believed that …  A) people came from other planets  B) all living things developed from aliens  C) all living things developed from simpler creatures  D) plants were brought from the ocean  E) plants were brought from stars |